



PPG Industries, Inc. First Quarter 2010 Financial Results

Recorded Commentary – April 15, 2010

Comments by: Charles E. Bunch, Chairman & CEO

Thank you Vince, and welcome everyone.

Agenda



- ❖ Opening Remarks
- ❖ Financial Recap
- ❖ Closing Comments
- ❖ Question & Answer Session

This afternoon, I will provide a brief overview of our first quarter performance. Bob Dellinger will review details of our financial results. I will make a few closing remarks and then we will take questions.

Throughout the first quarter, we continued to experience a moderate recovery in several of the global end-use markets that we serve. This recovery, combined with lower costs resulting from our restructuring initiatives the past 18 months, positively impacted our financial results in comparison with what was a very low earnings level in last year's first quarter.

Higher year-over-year sales volumes were most evident in our Industrial Coatings segment, which benefitted from improving global automotive builds and gains in several general industrial applications. As evidence of the operating leverage we are experiencing, the Industrial Coatings segment posted its highest first quarter earnings in ten years despite industry activity levels that, while improving, still remain well below historical levels. Also, our Optical and Specialty Materials segment delivered double-digit percentage sales growth versus last year's period and record first quarter earnings.

Several businesses in our Performance Coatings segment and our Architectural Coatings EMEA segment experienced some weather-related sales softness early in the quarter, but rebounded strongly, easily exceeding our internal projections for March. The Commodity Chemicals segment remained at trough earnings levels as we experienced higher input and maintenance costs versus the fourth quarter of 2009. However, caustic demand has improved and we anticipate the segment will be solidly profitable in the second quarter as we implement previously announced price increases. Our Glass segment improved versus a significant loss last year, as higher industrial activity benefitted our Fiber Glass business; however, we still experienced a slight loss in the quarter.

Reviewing our results by region, our investments over the past several years to expand our presence in the emerging regions, such as Asia/Pacific, continue to pay off. Asia/Pacific remained our star performer with 25 percent year-over-year volume growth, and we realized first quarter sales and earnings records in that region. We also realized a high growth rate in Latin America.

North America benefitted from a modest improvement in activity with strong year-over-year gains in industrial end-use markets including automotive OEM. The overall construction markets here, however, continued to remain weak.

Volumes in Europe lagged that of the other major regions due to a slower economic recovery in that region. Lastly, in general, we believe our improved sales pace is consistent with improving demand levels, and we are not aware of any notable inventory building in most of our end-use markets.

Overall for the quarter, I am very pleased that the difficult actions we took and all the hard work and effort we expended over the past 18 months, throughout the recession, to properly position the company for a recovery is now beginning to yield measurable benefits. Also, several of our businesses that have been slower to recover, such as Commodity Chemicals, are beginning to exhibit signs of further improvement and that, combined with our continued cost-reduction and execution focus, provides us with a clear path for continued earnings recovery.

Now, I'll turn the call over to Bob to review our financial performance for the quarter.

Comments by: Robert J. Dellinger, Sr. VP Finance and CFO

First Quarter Financial Recap



- ❖ Global demand recovering; sales improved from low levels last year
 - > Global Automotive OEM and industrial improvements
 - > Asia/Pacific and Optical Products deliver strong growth
- ❖ High volume leverage on incremental sales; previous cost actions aiding results. Cost focus remains.
- ❖ Modest coatings raw material inflation in 1Q; anticipated higher inflation rate in 2Q. Natural gas costs declining.
- ❖ Strong cash to be deployed in a disciplined manner

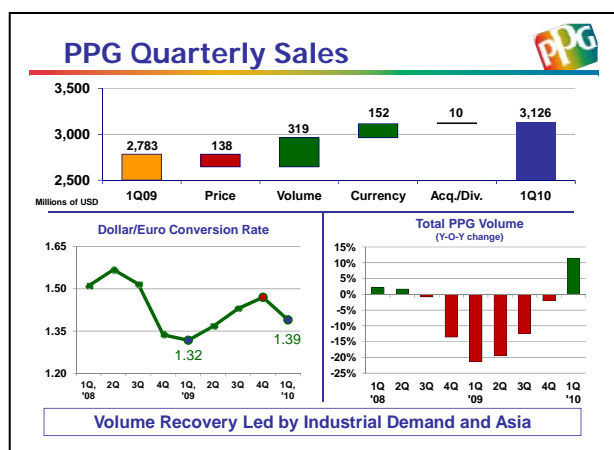
First Quarter Financial Recap

Thanks Chuck.

Let me offer a few comments as detailed on our first quarter financial recap slide.

- Our sales have improved from last year's lows, but we still remain well below pre-recession demand levels in many businesses.
- We have been, and will remain, diligent in managing our costs. This is apparent if you look at our margin leverage from our incremental sales. In aggregate, the coatings and Optical and Specialty Materials segments realized a greater than 80 percent earnings margin on the higher sales level, excluding favorable currency conversion impacts.
- We have experienced modest coatings raw material inflation, in the low single-digit percent range, with notably different inflation rates by region and business. We anticipate the inflation rate will be higher in the second quarter, reflecting improved global demand and some transitory supply issues. We have, and expect to continue to, offset this inflation with selling prices and productivity.
- Our blended natural gas cost, both hedged and un-hedged, in the quarter was about \$6.50 per MMBTU, which is up about 50 cents from the fourth quarter 2009, but down by approximately the same amount versus the prior year's first quarter. Using recent price trends, our blended unit price is expected to drop to between \$5.00 and \$5.50, in the second quarter.
- Like many other U.S. companies, our reported earnings-per-share results include a negative non-recurring impact of \$85 million after-tax, or \$0.51 per share, due to a tax law change stemming from the recently enacted U.S. health care legislation. We issued a press release on April 8, with additional details on this matter.
- And lastly, our cash flow, cash position and liquidity all remain very solid. We have moved away from the strong emphasis we placed on cash conservation last year to now identifying ways to deploy our cash in a balanced, disciplined manner to drive earnings accretion.

And now, I will review some details on the quarter.



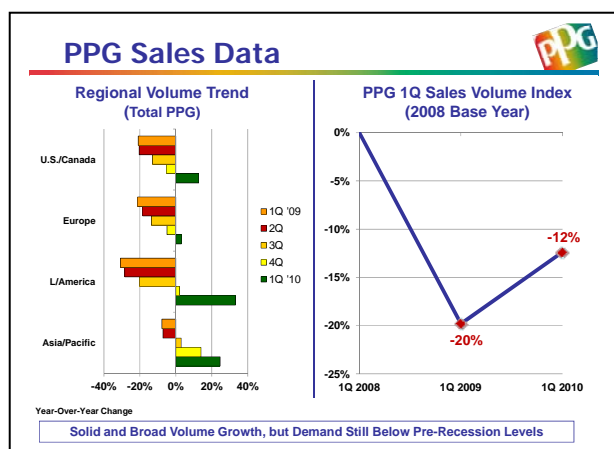
PPG Quarterly Sales

A year-over-year bridge of our first quarter sales is detailed on the next slide, along with some relevant trends. First quarter sales improved about \$340 million, or 12 percent, versus the first quarter of 2009, which was severely impacted by the global recession.

Lower year-over-year pricing was primarily attributable to Commodity Chemicals, coupled with lower energy surcharges in our Glass and Silicas businesses. Pricing in the remaining reporting segments was flat-to-higher year-over-year.

Compared to the last year, currency translation added \$150 million to our sales and about \$15 million to earnings. As illustrated on the bottom left chart, the value of the Euro is higher against the dollar in comparison with last year's first quarter, which was depressed because of the recession. However, the Euro has declined versus the fourth quarter of last year. Based on the recent exchange rates, we expect currency to be a headwind in the second quarter.

Volumes improved by over \$300 million with the largest increases driven by higher global industrial demand and strong growth in Asia/Pacific, particularly in China and Korea. We are pleased with the increase, but recognize that it is in comparison to what were very low activity levels last year.



PPG Sales Data

Further details on our sales are contained on the next slide.

As illustrated on the chart exhibiting our volume trends by region, Asia/Pacific delivered tremendous volume growth of 25 percent year-over-year, led by our Industrial Coatings businesses in the region. The momentum in that region has carried forward from last year and we expect the end-use markets that we serve to remain robust.

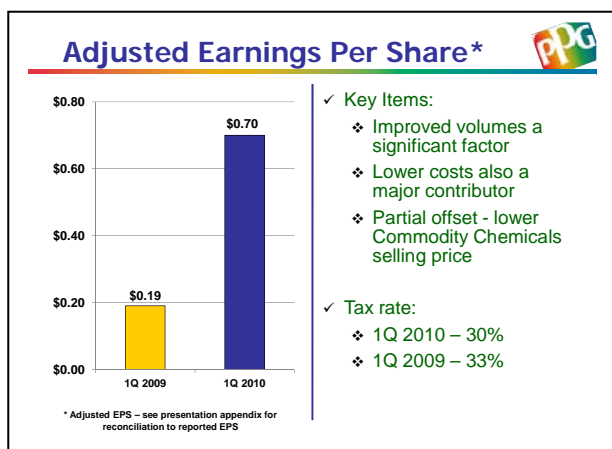
Our United States and Canada volumes also experienced solid growth, driven again by higher industrial activity along with improving commodity chemical demand. Our businesses selling into the construction markets were flat-to-negative with the prior year, with declines in commercial construction a major, continuing factor. We anticipate similar improvements in industrial demand going into the second quarter, although outside of favorable seasonal trends, we do not expect a meaningful change in the pace of the construction markets.

Volumes in Europe were up modestly versus the prior year's quarter, yet the region lags the other major global regions in pace of economic recovery. Latin America, which is our smallest region, experienced solid industrial gains as well.

The chart on the right demonstrates that while our overall volumes have recovered somewhat from last year's low levels, they still remain between 10 and 15 percent below the pre-recession

levels of early 2008. As a result, we still need further economic recovery to close this gap, and we are positioned to fully benefit from improving volumes based on our lower cost structure.

While I am focusing on our total volume performance, I want to mention that our aggregate coatings and Optical and Specialty Materials segments had a similar sales volume decline from 2008, yet have delivered an earnings improvement approaching 10 percent over that same time period.



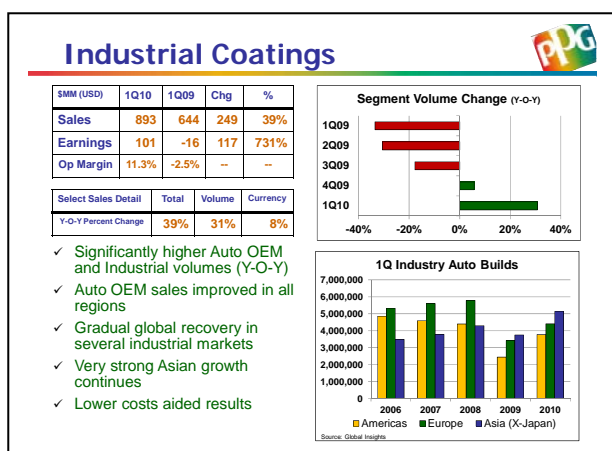
Adjusted Earnings Per Share

Our adjusted earnings-per-share is presented on the next slide. A reconciliation of these amounts to our reported earnings-per-share is included in the appendix of today's presentation materials, which is available at the investor center on our website at ppg.com.

In the quarter, our adjusted earnings-per-share was 70 cents versus a 19 cent adjusted figure last year. While we are pleased with our year-over-year improvement, we are fully aware that we are still below historical earnings levels.

A key contributor in our improvement was the higher sales volume. Another major factor was our lower cost structure, including the savings stemming from our restructuring actions. Lower Commodity Chemicals pricing served as a partial offset.

Our effective tax rate on adjusted earnings was 30 percent in the first quarter of 2010 and 33 percent in the first quarter of 2009.



Industrial Coatings

Moving now to review our individual business segments, let me start on the next slide with Industrial Coatings. This segment continued its rapid return to pre-recession earnings levels. In the quarter, sales grew 39 percent, or about \$250 million. Earnings improved by \$117 million from a \$16 million loss in the prior year's period, and our operating margin improved to 11.3 percent. This earnings level was the highest in ten years, despite sales volumes in many end-use markets that remain depressed versus pre-recession levels.

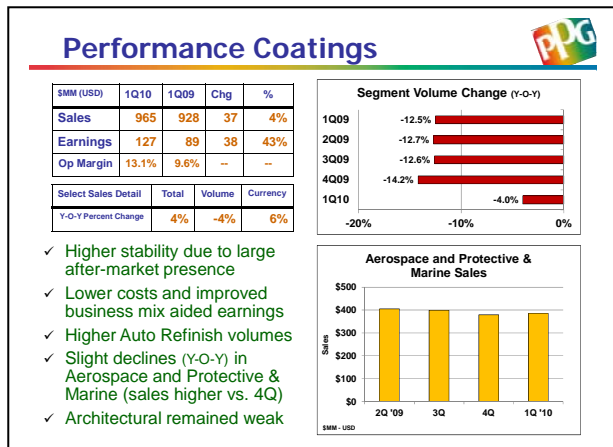
Cost management, restructuring-related cost savings and volume were all contributors to the earnings improvement; however, improved volumes was the largest factor. This segment, which was our most impacted segment during the recession, experienced the largest recovery with volumes improving by 31 percent versus the prior year's quarter. The segment volume trend chart details the dramatic volume trend changes in this segment over that time.

From an individual business unit perspective, Automotive OEM Coatings, which is our largest individual business in the segment, had volumes which were up 50 percent versus last year's extremely low level. Each region delivered strong year-over-year sales growth, supported by improved demand, including 100 percent growth in our Asian region. However, as depicted on the bottom right chart, auto build levels in the Americas and Europe combined still remain about 20 percent below pre-recession levels. While we normally experience a seasonal uptick in the second quarter, we expect that to be muted this year given the consistent level of auto production in each month during the first quarter. As such, we anticipate a fairly similar global build rate in the second quarter as we experienced in the first quarter.

Our Industrial Coatings business unit also delivered solid growth levels, up about 20 percent, which is a reflection of the improvement in the general industrial economy in all regions. Asia/Pacific is now our second largest region in this business, and its growth rate approached 50 percent in the quarter. We expect the global industrial economy to continue its moderate recovery.

The Packaging Coatings business also improved versus 2009, and once again delivered solid financial results. Given the nature of the end-use market, this business is a more stable performer through the economic cycle. We did not experience a significant volume drop last year, and we realized a moderate volume improvement during the quarter.

Overall, the Industrial Coatings segment, through much hard work, has returned much closer to historic operating margins. Given the lack of traditional seasonality in the auto OEM market this year, we anticipate a more modest seasonal improvement in the segment for the second quarter. However, we do expect some further, gradual recovery in the general industrial economy and Asia to remain strong. Also, we intend to remain diligently focused on our cost structure.



Performance Coatings

The Performance Coatings segment results are detailed on the next slide. In the quarter, sales grew by \$37 million and earnings improved by \$38 million versus the prior year. Overall, volumes were slightly negative with improved volumes in Asia/Pacific and Latin America, offset by lower volumes in Europe and the U.S. However, a favorable business mix within the segment sales and lower costs enhanced our margins and created positive earnings leverage. Currency conversion added about \$55 million to sales and \$5 million to earnings.

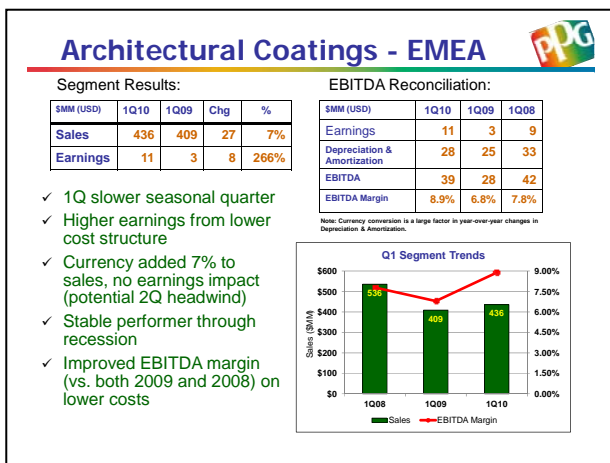
Our Automotive Refinish business was negatively impacted last year by the recession and customer destocking. This quarter, the business experienced high-single digit sales growth, excluding favorable currency impacts, aided by an improving trend in the overall miles driven and by the general economic recovery. Sales in the second quarter are historically higher due to seasonality, and we expect a similar pattern this year.

Our Protective & Marine Coatings and Aerospace businesses, both of which have a sizable after-market component, serve late-economic cycle industries, and did not experience anywhere near the same degree of volume decline in the first quarter of last year as most of our other

businesses. Volumes this past quarter were down mid-single digit percents from last year, but, as detailed on the slide, sales have been fairly consistent the past three quarters and current quarter sales were actually slightly higher than the fourth quarter level. We expect this fairly stable sales performance to continue.

In the quarter, our Architectural Coatings – Americas and Asia/Pacific volumes declined once again. Solid growth in Asia/Pacific and Latin America was more than offset by lower volumes in the United States. Our U.S. volumes were largely negative in both January and February reflecting, in part, poor weather in most of the country. In March, our year-over-year trend improved dramatically as we fully recovered from the weather effects early in the quarter. For the entire quarter, U.S. volumes were down due to lower commercial construction activity and the lack of any substantial rebound in residential activity. This business is highly seasonal and we expect higher activity levels in the second quarter, but expect the overall construction markets in the U.S. to remain at low historical levels.

Overall, Performance Coatings has proven its stability, has delivered some of our most consistent earnings results through the recession, and has maintained or grown operating margins due, in part, to lowering its cost structure. Looking ahead in the second quarter, we expect similar stability and normal upward seasonal trends in our Auto Refinish and Architectural Coatings businesses.



Architectural Coatings EMEA

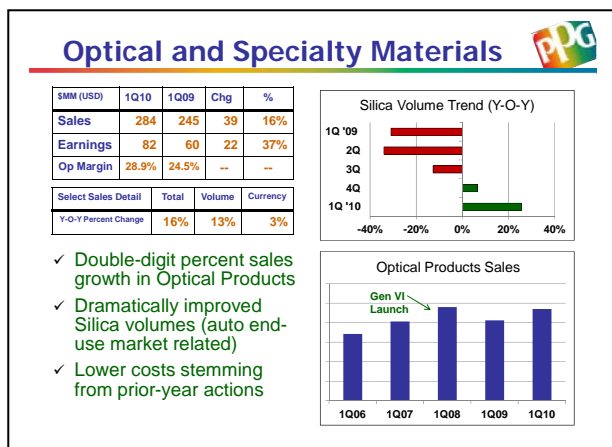
Results for our Architectural Coatings - Europe, Middle East and Africa or “EMEA” business are on the following slide. Sales in the quarter were \$436 million, up \$27 million versus last year’s period, and earnings improved by \$8 million in what is historically a seasonally slow period for this segment.

Over the past year, this business has been much less cyclical than most others, with volumes for the full year of 2009 falling by only mid-single digit percents. Given the slower pace of recovery in Europe, our first quarter results were similar.

Our higher earnings stemmed from a lower cost structure and overall cost management actions. Currency conversion added about 7 percent to our top line, but did not impact earnings.

As we have traditionally done, included on the slide are the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization or EBITDA. We believe EBITDA is a relevant measure for this segment given the ongoing, non-cash amortization expense stemming from the SigmaKalon acquisition. As you can see, aided by lower costs, our EBITDA margins improved this past quarter, versus not only 2009 but also 2008.

Looking ahead, we anticipate a longer recovery timetable for the European economies and therefore continue to expect modest volume challenges in this segment. The second and third quarters should provide a sizable seasonal sales lift, with currency a potential headwind. Our focus remains on cost management and execution to maintain profitability, building our brands and positioning to grow in emerging regions.



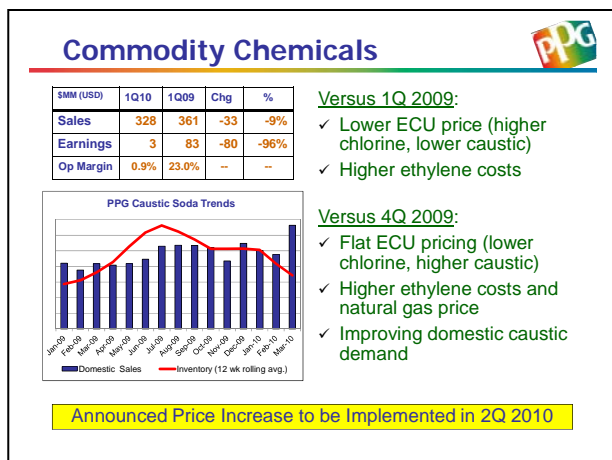
Optical and Specialty Materials

Our Optical and Specialty Materials segment results are detailed on the following slide. Versus the prior year, first quarter sales increased by \$39 million to \$284 million, on solid volume growth. Earnings grew by 37 percent to a new record first quarter level, due to the impact of increased volumes coupled with lower costs.

Our Optical Products sales grew by double-digit percents with solid growth in all major regions. Our Silica products, some of which are used as a raw material in the production of tires and car batteries,

experienced very significant volume declines early last year but have reversed that trend consistent with year-over-year growth in the auto market.

Looking ahead, we anticipate moderate seasonal improvements in sales and intend to increase our selling and marketing efforts in the second quarter to drive further growth for the quarter and the remainder of the year.



Commodity Chemicals

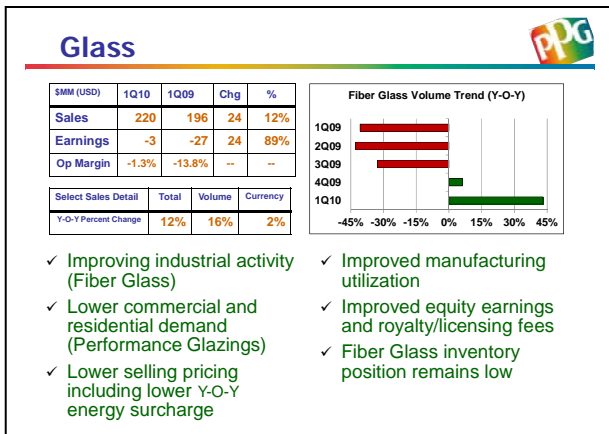
The next slide shows our Commodity Chemicals segment results. Sales dropped by about \$30 million versus last year's period. Earnings fell \$80 million in comparison with what was a strong performance in Q1 of the previous year.

Compared with the first quarter of 2009, sales volumes improved by over 30 percent but were more than offset by lower selling prices. Aggregate pricing for chlorine and caustic soda, the ECU price, fell substantially. Chlorine prices improved, but those gains were erased by lower caustic prices reflecting the impacts of lower industrial demand in

most of last year. Also, our costs were modestly higher primarily due to much higher ethylene costs, somewhat offset by lower natural gas pricing.

Comparing first quarter results this year versus the fourth quarter of 2009, the ECU price was flat as the chlorine price slipped mildly and was offset by strengthening caustic prices. As displayed on the chart, domestic caustic volumes improved, especially in March, drawing down our inventories, but the earnings impact was nullified by increases in our primary input costs. Our inventories have fallen in 30 of the past 36 weeks.

Looking forward, we expect this business to return to solid profitability in the second quarter as we implement previously announced price increases in caustic soda, and based on current input costs.



Glass

Our Glass segment details are on the following slide. Sales were \$220 million, up \$24 million or 12 percent. Overall volumes advanced, while pricing declined due, in part, to lower year-over-year energy and fuel surcharges. While the segment remained unprofitable, the \$3 million loss was a dramatic improvement over the prior year's period when we lost \$27 million.

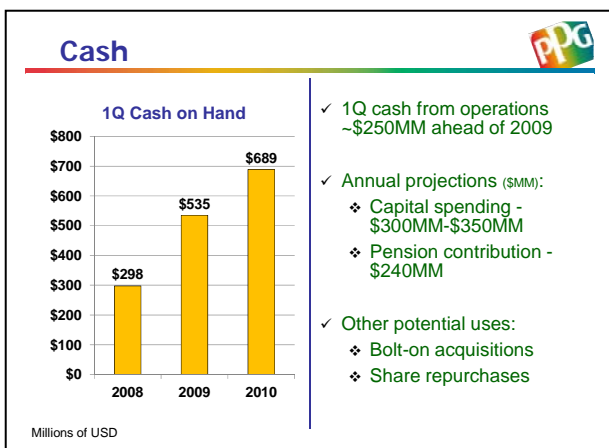
Our Fiber Glass business benefitted from the rebound in global industrial activity, and volumes

improved nearly 45 percent in contrast to a similar percentage decline last year. This higher activity resulted in improved manufacturing utilization.

The architectural glass markets, both commercial and residential construction, served by our Performance Glazings business remained at recession levels.

Both businesses benefitted from considerable cost reductions. Equity and royalty earnings improved, largely driven by equity results in our Asian Fiber Glass joint venture, which supplies the electronics industry.

We expect both businesses to exhibit better seasonal trends in the second quarter. This would also improve capacity utilization, including in Fiber Glass, where inventory levels are low and where we have already announced price increases effective in the second quarter.



Cash

Let me conclude my remarks by discussing some cash details, which are on the next slide. We ended the quarter with just under \$700 million of cash on hand. In the quarter, we used about \$50 million of cash for operations including traditional, seasonal working capital increases versus the fourth quarter. Our first quarter cash from operations results puts us nearly \$250 million ahead of our 2009 pace, and I will remind you the full year of 2009 was our second best cash generation year on record.

We spent \$45 million on capital spending during the quarter, and we expect our full year capital spending to be in the range of \$300-to-\$350 million. Our dividend payments, a long standing heritage at PPG, were \$90 million.

We also repaid more than \$150 million of debt in the quarter, and don't anticipate any further term debt reduction of size for the remainder of the year. As we previously stated, we do expect full year contributions to our pension fund of \$240 million. Last year we put approximately \$450 million in cash and company stock into our plans, including about \$175 million in the first quarter.

Our cash position remains very strong, especially when considering that our strongest cash generation quarters are late in the year, and we intend to deploy cash over the balance of the year in a disciplined manner with the focus on growing earnings-per-share. We are reviewing potential bolt-on acquisitions, and also share repurchases will be a likely use this year. With that I will now turn it back over to Chuck for some closing remarks.

Comments by: Charles E. Bunch, Chairman & CEO

Conclusion

Thanks Bob.

I will conclude by reiterating a few key items.

- Global industrial demand is recovering at a moderate pace, and we believe there has not been any sizable inventory building in many of our end-use markets we serve.
- We still have several end-use markets or businesses that have yet to recover, such as Commodity Chemicals, which is beginning to exhibit positive signs that we expect will boost our earnings in the coming quarters.
- We continue to experience solid earnings leverage on higher sales volumes, reflecting the benefits of the structural cost reductions we completed during the recession.
- Our efforts and investments over the past several years to expand our presence in emerging regions, such as Asia/Pacific, continue to pay off, as they, along with our Optical Products business, have once again proven to be critical growth drivers for the corporation.

Let me conclude by commenting that global end-use market activity remains well below historical levels as do our earnings, and our objective is to continue to accelerate our earnings recovery back to pre-recession levels. To do so, we will remain focused on diligently managing our costs to maximize the impacts from further volume recovery. Also, we intend to further deploy our strong cash position, focused on bolt-on acquisitions and share repurchases, to further fuel our earnings growth. I am encouraged that we are now entering what has historically been PPG's best quarter with a very low cost position and growing momentum.

That concludes our prepared remarks. Now, operator, would you please give instructions and open the phone lines for questions.

Appendix



Adjusted EPS Reconciliation



First Quarter	2010		2009	
	\$	EPS	\$	EPS
Net Loss/(Income) Attributable to PPG as Reported	\$30	\$0.18	\$(111)	\$(0.68)
Business Restructuring Charge	-	-	141	0.86
Net Charge for Asbestos Settlement	2	0.01	2	0.01
Change in U.S. Tax Law (U.S. Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act)	\$85	0.51	-	-
Adjusted Net Income	\$117	\$0.70	\$32	\$0.19

Amounts in Millions of USD except EPS

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.
Condensed Statement of Operations
1st Quarter Results
(Millions of Dollars)

	3 Months Ended		
	<u>March 31,</u>		
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Net Sales	\$ 3,126	\$ 2,783	12.3
Cost of Sales, exclusive of depreciation and amortization	1,944	1,718	
Selling, R&D and admin expenses	823	810	1.6
Depreciation	89	88	1.1
Amortization	32	30	6.7
Interest Expense	45	48	(6.3)
Asbestos Settlement - Net	3	4	(25.0)
Business Restructuring	-	186	(100.0)
Other (earnings)/charges - net (Note A)	(16)	10	(260.0)
Income Before Income Taxes	206	(111)	
Income Tax Expense (Note B)	147	(20)	(835.0)
Net Income Attributable to the Controlling and Noncontrolling Interests	59	(91)	
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	(29)	(20)	
Net Income (attributable to PPG)	\$ 30	\$ (111)	(127.0)
Earnings per common share (attributable to PPG)	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.68)	(126.5)
Earnings per common share -- assuming dilution (attributable to PPG)	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.68)	(126.5)
Average shares outstanding	165.9	164.0	1.2
Average shares outstanding -- assuming dilution	167.0	164.4	1.6

Note A:

The amount for three months ended March 31, 2010, includes higher equity and royalty earnings of \$25 million due to improved business conditions compared with the first quarter of 2009.

Note B:

Income tax expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 includes expense of \$85 million resulting from the reduction of our previously provided deferred tax asset related to our liability for retiree medical costs. The deferred tax asset was reduced due to tax law changes in health care legislation enacted by Congress in March 2010, that included a provision to reduce the amount of retiree medical costs that will be deductible after December 31, 2012. The remaining tax expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 of \$62 million represents an effective tax rate on pretax earnings of approximately 30 percent. The effective tax rate on pretax earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2009 was 18 percent, consisting of a tax benefit of 24 percent on the charge for business restructuring and tax expense of approximately 33 percent on the remaining pretax earnings.

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.
Business Segment Information
1st Quarter Results
(Millions of Dollars)

	Net Sales		Segment Income (Loss)	
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
PERFORMANCE COATINGS	\$ 965	\$ 928	\$ 127	\$ 89
INDUSTRIAL COATINGS	893	644	101	(16)
ARCHITECTURAL COATINGS EMEA	436	409	11	3
OPTICAL and SPECIALTY MATERIALS	284	245	82	60
COMMODITY CHEMICALS	328	361	3	83
GLASS	<u>220</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(27)</u>
SUBTOTAL	<u>\$ 3,126</u>	<u>\$ 2,783</u>	<u>\$ 321</u>	<u>\$ 192</u>
			(18)	(25)
LEGACY ITEMS (NOTE A)			-	(186)
BUSINESS RESTRUCTURING (NOTE B)			(3)	(4)
ASBESTOS SETTLEMENT - NET			(37)	(42)
INTEREST EXPENSE, NET OF INTEREST INCOME				
UNALLOCATED STOCK BASED			(14)	(7)
COMPENSATION (NOTE C)			(43)	(39)
OTHER UNALLOCATED CORP. EXPENSE - NET			<u>\$ 206</u>	<u>\$ (111)</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES				

Note A:

Legacy items include current costs related to former operations of the company including pension and other postretirement benefit costs, certain environmental remediation costs, and certain charges which are considered to be unusual or non-recurring. Legacy items also include equity earnings/(losses) from PPG's approximate 40-percent investment in Pittsburgh Glass Works (the former automotive glass and services business).

Note B:

For three months ended March 31, 2009, business restructuring includes charges of \$39 million for the Performance Coatings segment, \$91 million for the Industrial Coatings segment, \$17 million for the Architectural Coatings - EMEA segment, \$12 million for the Optical and Specialty Materials segment, \$6 million for the Commodity Chemicals segment, \$13 million for the Glass segment, and \$8 million for corporate.

Note C:

Unallocated stock-based compensation includes the cost of stock options, restricted stock units and contingent share grants that are not allocated to the operating segments.

Forward-Looking Statement

Statements contained herein relating to matters that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements reflecting PPG's current view with respect to future events and financial performance. These matters within the meaning of section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended involve risks and uncertainties that may affect PPG's operations, as discussed in PPG's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Accordingly, many factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein. Such factors include global economic conditions, increasing price and product competition by foreign and domestic competitors, fluctuations in cost and availability of raw materials, the ability to maintain favorable supplier relationships and arrangements, difficulties in integrating acquired businesses and achieving expected synergies therefrom, the realization of anticipated cost savings from restructuring initiatives, economic and political conditions in international markets, the ability to penetrate existing, developing and emerging foreign and domestic markets, which also depends on economic and political conditions, foreign exchange rates and fluctuations in such rates, the impact of future legislation, the impact of environmental regulations, unexpected business disruptions, and the unpredictability of existing and possible future litigation, including litigation that could result if the asbestos settlement discussed in PPG's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission does not become effective. However, it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. Consequently, while the list of factors presented here and in PPG's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 are considered representative, no such list should be considered to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Unlisted factors may present significant additional obstacles to the realization of forward-looking statements. Consequences of material differences in results compared with those anticipated in the forward-looking statements could include, among other things, business disruption, operational problems, financial loss, legal liability to third parties and similar risks, any of which could have a material adverse effect on PPG's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. All information in this presentation speaks only as of April 15, 2010, and any distribution of this presentation after that date is not intended and will not be construed as updating or confirming such information. PPG undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.